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with which is incorporated THE ELIM EVANGELISTIC BAND.

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# The Elim Evangel. 

Vol. 4.

Erlitors

\{ Ernest J. Phillips.<br>\{Ernest C Boulton.

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## Editoríal.

> "My one thought is goal."-Phil. 3 , 44 (Moffatt) $. ~ t o ~ p r e s s ~ o n ~ t o ~ t h e . ~$

Amid the many counter currents and intimidating influences of these dars, what a need there is for a porierful purpose in life,-bomething which will serve as an irresistible incentive in the hour when the cross weighs most heavily and the pressure of life's burdens is felt most deeply, when the path of the believer leads him through the dark shadows of some severe sorrow, when his most cher1shed hopes seem especially inpossible of attainment; that which will act as an all-sufficient stimulus in the moment when faith is seriously challenged and love is threatened with a deadly chill; when ecstatic experiences have departed, and the pilgrimi treads a "solitary way""

To what earnest endeavour and holy heroism this deep clesire gave birth in the life of the Apostle Listen to his fervent words:" I press toward!" His longing is too strong for denial; no opposing prejudice is able to turn him aside from his objective; persistently and consistently he ever moves onward towards the goal How determinedly he shakes off every clinging wetght which would hinder him in the heavenly race, like the eagle he spreads his wings and mounts up to the heights of the Divine life

Contemplate the glorous goal suggested by those inspired words in John 17, 24, "Father, it is My will that these, Thy gift to Me, may be beside Me where I ann, to behold My glory which Thou hast given Me"; and again in Eph 5, 25-7, "Even as Christ also loved the church, and gave Himself for it

That He might present it to Himself a glorious church, not having spot or wrinkle . . . but that it should be
holy and without blemish" O my soul, art thou in complete concord with thy Lord in the consumnation of this gracions: design? Hast thou fully apprehended, and abandoned thyself to the destiny to which He hath appointed thee? Dost thou realise that within thee has been created a capacity for communion with the Eternal, the Infinite? Thou canst never be satisfied with that which is merely temporal and transitory. Lift up now thine eyes and behold that which thy Lord sets before thec! Doth not the Divine vision make thee fleet of foot to pursine and posscss the prize? Al!! methnks thine heart burns withn thee with holy desire! Naught shall tarn thee aside, now that thou knowest the end which he hath in view! Selfish cravings shall no longer hold dommion o'er thee! The call of God hath loosed thee from the narrow confines of a carnal Vision' Thou hast broken away from the moorings of a life the flesh $\mid$ 'Thout art no more thine own 1 Thou hast willud thyself away to Hin for ever!

This one thang I do, unlimdered, by the thangs of sense. or Time. Trwath the lagh calloig in Cheist, phess onwad to hife divme
 Focussed on Gol though Life's jountey, manhened by things amall or gieat.-
 To the conquest of "self" and of wrong, to the Spirt's 'Excelsion'

-E C.B

## Ittems of Tinterest.

This month we glady welcowe lator E C Boulton, of Hull, $\mathrm{a}=$ joint-Editor of the Efim livangel.

We are glad to xepoit that God is abundantly blessing the work at Hull, at present in charge of Pastor E C Boulton and Evangelist J. F: Elyin A week's special senvices iecently held in the Elim Hall broustit great blessing to many. They were truly revival services in the deepest sense. The meetings weie characterised by an intense hunger for God Following this a very mpressive baptismal service was held in a lage Baptist Church. Forty followed the Lord through the waters The presence of the Lord was manifested in a very marked way.

Finends will be merested to know that a Convention will be behl under canvas (if possible) at New Cleethoipes, Gimsby, duing the Augunt holidays. Full particulars will be announced later.

Particutars of the Easter Convention at Hull will be found elsewhen 111 this lesue

Special selvices for the deepening of spiritual life will, D V., be heth at the Elim Tabernacle. Belfast, during the Easter holidays

Preston Easter Convention is announced from Good Friday to Lastes Monday This year Bio. Smith Wigglesworth is convening. Amongst the speakers are expected Messis. James Salter and Edmund Hodgenn from the Congo. Those desinng acconmodation should write eanly to

Mr 'T Myerseough, 134 St. Thomas' Road, Preston.
At the Elım Hall, Ivor stieet, Dowlas, on the 16th January last, a very interesting event took place when Mr. John Jones, of Swansea, and Miss Clarissa Elizabeth IIutchinson, of London, were umted in wedlock Pastor Stephen Jeffreys and Rev. E. Wein Wilhams officiated, and the bridesmaids were the Misses Gladys and May Jeffreys. The happy pan spent their honeymoon at Hereford, and their future home is 60 Mansel Terrace, Swansea, God speed them both in the vineyand of the Lodl'

Friends will he anterested to thear that Miss Ella Magune, who left Belfast late last summer for India, was maried on the 18th September at the Cunamon Gadens Baptist Chunch, Colombo, to Ma. Cynl Chase Onr sister is at present leaming the language, and desires an interest $m$ our piayers. Their phesent adiliess is 1, Victonia Road, Bangalone, S. Indin

Mr. J. Carter wites to say that the usual Iondon Montlily Protrcostal Convention was held at the Inmanuel Gospel Mission, Plumsteat, on Saturday, February 3rd. It provell a season of much blessing to those assembled, many receiving a veiy real touch fron the Divine hand He also adds that the woik at Plumstead, though small as yet, is steally growing, under the leadership of Mr. A. F Fuday, and recently there hasw been some conversions and healings, others laving secerved the Baphism of the IIoly Spirit.

We are delighted to learn that not a Sunday passes at the Stratford assembly without conversions. Mr. and Mis J Douglas are in charge of the work here.

The frients at the Lee Smith Street Mission, Hull,-who wete earnest suppoters of the Rewval Services held in Full the the 1'antols Jeffreys last year,--recently concluded a successful tien days' mission, conducted by Pastor E C Boulton, Evangelist J. E Elvin, and Mr. T. B Clake. Right, throughout it was a time of blessing and ponel In many healts intense desire was created for a deeper spritual life Some who were in a backslidden condition trinly prayed, "Lord restore unto me the joy of Thy salvation." About thrty people accepted Chist during the mission. To Good be all the praise!

Mr. W. Greenstreet, leader of the Clapton Christian Assembly, writes asking for the prayers of the Lord's people for a series of Special Servicen, to be held during the month of March. Each Sunday evening, spectal evangelistic setvices, and each Turshay evenng, spectal aflresses to Christians on the neod of the Baptism of the IIoly Glost, etc.

The York assembly recently had a week-end wist from Mr. T 13 Clarke, of Mull. The saints were much refreshed as a result of the services

We refoice to learn that the Southsea assembly are now having better results, and the work as a whole is bemg revived Mr. Mfuser would witur the prayers of the readers of the Evangel.

Pastor Blackman, of 4, Fitzhanis Ave, Bournemouth, writes to sar that he has a few copies left of "Pictures of Pentecost," by Miss Alice Luce. Price, 2s. (postage, 2d. extra).

A brother in the Lord writes from Margate, and speaks of the blessing he has received through the articles by Mr. John McGillivray on "The Lord's Money,'" which recently appeared in this paper As a result he has begun to give a tenth of his income to the Lord, and blessing has followed,

## "The God of all Grace . . . mend your illets."

## AN ADDRESS GIVEN BY PASTOR F. T. ELLIS, D. Līt., AT THE BELFAST CONVENTION, ON 27th DECEMBER, 1922.

There are a few verses of Scmpture that are land upon my heart, and I want to bing them betore anu to-nght First, in the 4th Chapter of the Gonpel of Mathew and the 21st velse "And gomg on irom thence, He saw when tho beetiven, James, the som of Zebedee, and John, has lrother, in at ship with Kebectee, then fathet mending then nets, and ILe called them." Atul in I Peies, 5, 10 "But the God of all giace, Who hatli called us unto Ihs etemal glony be Chint Jesus, after that ye have suffered a while, make you perfect stablish, stiengthen, settle you," l want just to take a phrase out of the first reise and a phrase out of the second and lank them together-"They were mending the 11 nets," and "The Gol of all grace nake yon perfect" That must have been a very wonderfnl day by the Seut of Galilee when our Lord Jesur Chist walked along and saw those mest Hunly engaged mending then nets. There they wene by that Lake of lilentine they knew ali parts of the gieat deep, there they were mendmy thenr neth, and as IIe walked by ITe looked into their taees and sand. "Follow me, and I will make you fishers of men"

I dan enay most of you have been wondeng in your minds why i have lanked thore two velses togethen You will wonde: ho longer, for the word that is thanhated "mending their nets" an the one reise is tianslated in the seroncl verse " moke you perfeet," And so, evidently, when the Apastle Palel wals witng his fint letter, when he came to those woids "The Gord of alt mate make yon per fect" on "mend your nets" (at is the same word). no doubt, lis imind went back to his old fishing trade and he iemembered what it meant to mend nets, and so I want to talk to you to-night about " mending our nets" But, in order to mend our nets, ther must get boken fist TTow is it that our nets get booken? And then $I$ want to ask anothet question IIon do we get our nets mended after they are broken? I spent a few dayc leating this summes by the seaside and 1 went down on the beach one mornmg tand asked the fishermen who were busily mending then mets how ther nets gol hoken, and thas 15 what they thid me. They sad "Nets get boken sometmes by the ordmaiy wean and tear of fishing, we have a good net to begin with, made in the best factory and at a good price, and we go out to fish in the oldmary way, and wathout anything extiaoldmaty happening, the net suddenly gets broken We find upon exammation that there is a rent here and a tear there and a hole there, and vet mothong extuontmary has happened, is it smply the ordmary woul and tear of fiching 'lhat is how the net gets booken" And that is how the het of your hegets broken Mang, many Chriatian people in the
 to up and teat the net of then hfe in pleces There ale some Christians, and nothing extianidinary has happened to them at all, no extiaordinary thal, no serere pan, no great burden to bear, they hove had to just jog along in the ordinay routme of hife, and yet, when you come to examine then spintual life, you find there is a rip these and a tear hese and a hole pkewhete-ly' the ordmary weat and tear of hife That is how our nets get broken AmI spoaking to anyone here tomoht, a Chistian man or a Chatian woman, and, as you look into wour hife as rou sul hape, is there a hole somewhere? is there a leakage? is the net boken? is it torn? If it 19, I have a Gospel-" The God of all giace mend your nets" IIe is the onty One Who can do, it, and JTe 15 called "The God of grace", Not merely "'The God of power" That is not enough Do you know what the grace of God is? It is the tiele of Jesus for nothing It is "The God of all grace mend your nets"-and IIe wall do it.

But I asked these old fishermen again low there nets get broken, and
they sad, It is sometmes by extamonary toll Sometmes when they east then net mon the sea and they begom to hacul it m. they find it in caught upon something, some jagged thang ludden under the suiface of the sea, they could not see it, yet it was thete, some sharp obstacle, and it has canglit the net and has noped and torn it And that is how your net gets broken sometimes Sontething hidden in your life-under the sea of your life. I was going to say, I cannot see it and perhaps you larae not noticed it, but it is there, some evil habit not yet suriendered to Jesus Christ. some jagged secret sin in your heart and life, and, all of a cudden, you who have been a respectable Clinstian gong along lite's even way, have discovered that that seciet sin has shown itself. that that eul habit has asserted itself and has noped and torn the net of your lite mpeces And there are multitudes of Christian people to-day, people that name the Name of our blessed Loul Jesus whose spirtual lives are nupped in preces by secret, unforgiven sin, ol by evil habit, by allowing the Devil to do just what he likes with them, and he has npped then lite up, and las wate a big hole in their net There is a leakage in thenr sputual lute ola' if i ann speaking to anyone like that here to-mglit. I have got a Gospel to proclann "The God of all giace mend wour net" And ITe will do it. and He is the ouly One Who can do it, and He will do it now, and He wall do it for nothing, and the will do it completely, and He will do it unto your utmost satisfaction Will you let Пim dn it?

I asked these old finhemen agan how then meta get broken They could not tell me any otliet causes. I saud, "I will give wou one" "What do you know about fishong?" they sand. "Oh'" I hud. "as much as the Bible knows about it "" "What is that ${ }^{2}$ " they sund "Well," I satd. "there is a little story hudden away in the New'fentament wheh says this that one day the disciples went out fishing and then net enclosed a gieat multitude of fishes and their net began to break. And that is how nets get broken, by the very goed gifts of Gind, be the reiy pionerity of life, nets get binken Sometmes people get on too well in hife There are multitudes of Chistinn men and women to-day who made their little ple dinng the wat, but whose spritual life to-day is all to peces; then net enclosed a great multitnde of fishes and then met has boken-becalue they lave not surtendered their life and prospenty to lenis ('hint 1 m I speaking to one here to-night to whom God in His piondenes has been verv good in a material sense? Have you recognused Him? Have bou guen God Ila portion? Have you lonoured God with the substance that He has blessed you with? or have you allowed the very pospenty that God his sent to you to rip and tear your net? If you have, "The God of all grace mend your nets" And He can mend your nets

The sons of Zebedee were in the ship mending then nets, because they were boken. What is the good of a boken net? A ficheman's net is his chuef possession, If other thinge fall him, he can still jng along, but if von bieak his net, he is done. The reiy thing that is the means of his hehehtiond is bioken, and for the time heng iendered weless There are some losses that are unmportant, but there are othei losses that are all-important. If sour life is boken, my brother, though unforquen sim assenting itself aud mping the net and teang it, if the pospenty of the past years has lipped your net, if $m$ any way and tluotigh any cause whatsoeves the net of your spuntual life is damaged and bioken, in propotion as it is damaged, you aue iendered uselen The most mportant thing about you that Almighty God can use for the saluction of othens. and the adrancing of Tis Kingdom, 15 boken and tom and nipped and, as fan as you are concerned, you are tendered useles That is your position to-night. Ah' Gol nised to use you at one tume IIe cannot use you to-niglit becanse your life 18 not abonlutely tise The net 18 torn. While they were mendmg their nets, while they weie in the boat with the broken net, they were missung the havest Plenty of fish th the Sea of Galilee any amount of little fish close at haul, but they could not catch them. because their net was broken. They wete losing a tiemendous harvest There are multatudes of men and women in Belfast who are dead in
tienpasses and sms Oll' my 'thends, there ate plenty of finh m Belfast, and Garl wants you to catch them, but you can't eatel them wht a broken net If you go firlug witl a broken wet, the fish wall get though the loofer and yout wall low them, ath, if an unsanctifiet chametan goes out to tiy and win souls for Jesus Christ, the ungodly look and pont the finger of seont and say, "Look what he did yesterday", They can see the hole and they ship though it Ah' my lrothers and sisters, it is a serious time in whel we hee The Comang of the Lind drawelh nirgh, and yot there are mullitudes of fish in the sea not cauglit to-night. What a harrest you are miming if your net is broken' "The God of all grace mend your net" aud setud you fishing--and don't forget the sprats. God save the chaldren ${ }^{\prime}$

I went out once with a fichung net and I tried to fish, but I will neves tye agam. It looks eass, but at requmes shall to bond the fishing net petfeetly You look at an old fisherman's hands Why, look at my hande, they look as if I did no work. but I do really But you look at a fisher' man's hands his bonzel, ban ny, elumey hands, hands that can thow the takle, hands that can hift heavy welghts, and those same hands can take hold of a booken fishing net and shilfully mend it Lostem, the God who upholls all thing, the Got Who solls the stars along, the God Who can take un worlds and dach them minens like a potter's vessel, the Gnd Who can take hold of all things that offend and east them out of Tis Fingdom, the same God can noud the boken heart That is the Gosprl, min hothel. We Who telleth all the stars and calleth them by therr names -lye healeth the boken in heat. I can muderstand why the Psalmist put these two things together now Oha my buther, those powerful hands of the Miglty God of Jacob, they can stem hack all the tide of evil, they can fight all the powes of hell and cast them down beneath our feet. Oh' mir bothet and siter, as you sit in your pews, or as you come forward aftemumbs. God con mond vour neta stilifully. Ah I Ife can do it. He has ctume it. It wants a lot of patience to mend a net. There are some things that you can humy though, but you can't hury thongh mending nets, otherwise vou will hare to mend them again rey soon Ah' yes, God is called in the Bbhte the Gord nf Might and Powet and Wistom and Love, but He th the God of Patience And brotheri and aisters, some of ont hives wete moken and tom and rupped, and lif has been tiying to pateh them up and mend them all these years, and He has nevet cast uq away, and lin never wall Oh' the infinte patrence of fur Gowl. He neven despaus of anyberly, bot eren the worst eases in this bulding tomght, all 1 pped and torn-vou whosav, God can neve, mend me My deat fuends, ITe wall mend yout to-nght. He is the God of all patience, and it does mor mather what a tangle the ret is in If you cannot see s way out of it, Ife can. If rom cannot masel the nets in your hife, Tie will sort them out for vou The is the Gorl of infinte patience.

What alo they mend nets for at all? To pass the time Becanse then have got nothug to do. do they sumply sit down in the hat ne sit on the bicach and mend neta for the ake of having something to do is that whis thes mond ucts? I don't thonk so You ask a fisherman whe he se mendung lion meth, athed lie will tell voin beatrae he wants to go fishang again. Mr den: fiends, if God mends the net of your hife here to-night. it is berause He wath to nse you to fish othe people There ate some here to-night, and Gorl wants to use you agan TTe has not used you for a long time bar thun your net las lien boken. Get it mended by Gord and He wall une yon agam, for He is the God of hope And he is alwars waiting to mend the bunken net because erosy broken net that Tie mende means extia fivh in the Kinglom And again $T$ ippeat, thete ate monltstudes rat mullifindeu in tha piluec, plentr of firln in the sea that have urver been caught. and theie aieplenty of nets here to eatch them with Leet God have the coutiol of the nat and rast on the right sude of the chip where Me tolls won to and, with the mented net, you will enclose a great multitude of finhes It theme anmene hore tonighi with a hoken met, a life torn and upped and moken, whicle they could never mend? God is here ard He is the Gorl of skill and patience and hope and Te will mend the net now Jel Tlim do it ${ }^{1}$ Amen,

# TReports from the TRegions $\mathfrak{J B}$ eqond. 

## AFRICA.

The latest news flom Swaziland is of the most encouragmg nature Paston Builey tells of thee wonderful dres of ach hessmg dung Chistmastide. 'To quote fion his recent encula letter -"The Itoly Spint has indeed fallen upon us Oun heats die full th ovenfoning Two of our Evangelists, David and Amos, have recerved a glon mos baptism whe the Holy Spuit . . . sights wele witnessed never ben before in these pats. It seemed at one time as though most of the eongiegation hat risen to its feet, commg to the foont, to divest themselves of demon charms, ancestad spint fhanms, ete Ovei fifty poscessed of evil spinitconfessed to dehverance in the Name of Jesus Chast The shek of all kinds . . . eame fol prayei, and ahmost all felt the healmg momehately 111 then bodies."

## INDIA.

Di. athl Mis. Slocunir wite to tell of then safe altual at Bombay on November 17 They ate now meely settled math ludtur home at
 among those who "sit in danhess"

They spectally ask for the payers of the bond people at this thme, that a deep spint of convicton may lest upon those to whom they mmister the Wond of Lafe; that the medan hay he forlmomans to budil a massion station of then own; that the Lom will call and equap stalwant young perple to jom them 111 the fight on this distant battefichl; and that they themselves may be kept stiong in spat dud body, and ever farthful unto the commg of the Lord

## CENGO.

News to hand from Miss Henderson speaks of that whach should make many rejore. She wites.-"Only last Sunday, about twenty deended to give up their heathensh beliefs and customs, and put then thust m Jesus. 'This is a very remarkable hippening for Congo, amil was a very real buist of victory. We all felt gieatly touched and melted, for at ead of our three services we had vely deep and leal blessing. had been praying so long for a leal heak to come. . . . I know you will all lay hold on God more eantestly than ever for Itis precious wandeing sheep in Cential Africa Oh, we do need paryel fart nenther climatic conditions, food, not cheumstances shall matay way worken us physically, on reduce our fighting vitahly in this wat that God has called us to. How my heart longs to help highten the load ol my deal dak shaters, and make them lealise that my Finend of Calvaly . . longo to free them from their slavely."

We understand that hothers Salter altil llotgson, i) V, hope to leave the Congo for England ealy m the spimg. Mis. Satien is alieatly 11 this countiy.

## CHINA.

Ous biother, Mi. J McGilheisy, at menent lihouning in Noilh China, who lecently contibuted the semes of atales on "The Lomp's Money," wites us m tems of giatatude to God tor llan womderful goorlness and preserving power dumg the past year. The following is an extract fiom one of our biother's letters.-
"The other day a man came mbhing 1 fiom the country, asking for someone to go out and see a man who had been badly bitten by a wild boal Both oun Evangelists had gone out to pheach, amd there was only the native cook left on the place, whom I took with me to a village, a liftle aver three miles out When we saw the man, it combla be seen his life was elbong away fast, and there was no hope of recovery. Ite had been bitten an three places, one of the boar's tusks had penetrated
the lung-, death resulting from thes wound. Thus anmal had also butten another man, wher had ded ealier whe the dit also clamed elght on mine persons whon it had woumed, but not sermusty. Forlunately it luge number of the villages set out with theil ciude weapons, and hunted it to death We hat splendid oppoitunties in this place of speakng a woul for the Masta ranong these unforlunate ones, showng how uncentam life 1s, and calling upol them to piepare for eternty We prayed for those who had lost then son, that they might though this calamity be led to Chist."

He also adtls "After one of our afternoon semves, a number of the chuch members, led by the dencon and myself, mathed through the city shgmen the "Ran Pinyei Hymm," and makimg a gencial appeal to all to forsake rdols and tum to the taving God, and ask Him for 1 din Neat daty the ram legan to fall, and although it was not sufficient, yet we tealised that God gave witness to IIts Woil."*

## Oór Eldoent Thopes and E.T.T. $1923=1927$.

## By RLiV T L. HACKETTT, MA.

A very distinguished student of prophecy writes "Some of us have watched for A D 1923 for fifty years" Such a statement of itself may well excite attention, and raise the incuiry, what arc the grounds for such an expectation, maintaned for lalf a century? It follows, as many are aware, from the jear-day vien of the notable period referred to seven times 11 Holy Scripture (Dan 7 25; 12:7, Rev $11: 2,3 ; 126$, 14; 13 5), as 1260 clays, 42 months, or a time, times and half a time, the double of this broken period being 2,520 days, on the Scripture scale of 30 days to a month. Many of our readers hold this year-day view strongly, while others take the literal, and what in terned the Futurst application, to 7 critical years at the clone of this age, marked by the rise of a Personal Anticlurist, with a litter persecution of the people of God. One view need not exchute the other Fach has a great mass of evidence in its favour, and the best results will be obtained by an endeavour to embrace the two Tlic writer accepts the longer seale, and also the shorter at the chose of this age The Saviour's words in Luke 2124 are in this connexion of the utmost importance "Jerusalem shall be trodden down of the Gentiles until the Tmes of the Gentiles are fulfilled" They show most plainly that these times of the Gentiles lave to do with Gentile soverelguty over Jernsalem, and expire with the deliverance of that city from Gentile domnation; a deliverance in great measure already affected as a result of the Great War, but awaiting a future and final deliverance after a future and final overthrow (Joel 3; Zech 12, 13; I4)

These Times of the Gentiles, if real accuracy is desirect, must be dated from the reign of Nebuchadnezzar, and more especially from a very express decree of the Most High, whereby
the soverengnty of the nations passed to that great monarch (Jer $27: 6-8$ ) Never since that decree have Isridel or Judah had any real modependence.

Three starting points for this period of 2,520 years, all within that king's reig11, with three corresponding closing cras, have for years engaged the elose attention of proplhetic students.
(1) The first, datng from BC 606, the year of his accession, and frequently referred to 111 Serppture as the 4 thi year of Jchoiakim, being also the ist year of the zo years' caltivity,a year marked as "one of the most muportant epochis me the world's history" (S.P C K. Commentary) From this as a first starting point for the 2,520 years, we are led at ouce at their close to the era of the Great War, and the release of Palestine from the Turkish yoke
(2) 'The sccond, —as dated seven years later, from B C 599, the year of the young king Jehotachn's deportation to Babylon, -leads us at the close of the 2,520 years to the year just entered, 1923 It is of this we would speak more fully later
(3) The third,-as starting from the elose of Zedekialn's inglorious retg, and the destruction of the thaple and city, BC 588,- leads to a date in years later than the present year-1933-4, the latest for the close of the Thucs of the Gentules, that can be reached by these calculations or chonological predictions

As this last starts with a final overthrou of the city in O.'T. thmes, so it reaches on to a final sicge and a final deliverance at the close of this chspensation. These erents, however, have to do, not with the Church of Clurist, but with the Jewish people and thenr eartlily hopes; and must take place after the removal of true believers, and for this, 11 addition to other weighty reasons, masmmel as that Jewish Dehwerance is effected by Clarist's deseent to earth, 111 company with His Saints who have already been raised to meet Him min the air (I Thess.4)

We are now in a better position to see holl vitally we are coneerned with the previons era-that of 1923, and the years that immedrately follow What further may be sad will enlance the mportance of this era, and what may arise ont of it for true servants of our Lord Consider then carefully that parable of good and evil figs given by Jeremiah ( $25: 1$ ), with reference to the deportation of Jeconialı in the year BC 599, the starting point of the period of 2,520 years, which closes in our own day, and see what may be its bearms on these Advent hopes of ours For here uncler this image you have what will surely come to pass at the close of this age;-a marked separation between two classes,-and that, observe, not by a previons pudgment on the evil, but (as must occur at the close) by a withdrawal for then good, and into a place of safety, of all who find favour with Crod-" "Good figs, very good, even like the figs that are first ripe" (Jer $25 \cdot 2$ ), while fudgment, swift and overwhelming, shortly falls on those left behind.

But once nore, as adding to the force of these conclusons, and the significance of this period in which we find ourselves, consider that this withdrawal of an elect remnant, as findling favour with their God, takes place immediately before the sticcession of a Prince, who is a most remarkable type of the coming Antichrist Who can doubt 1 , in view of the solemn demunciation of Zedekiah, as given in Ezek. $21: 25-27$ (R.V.)? "And thou, O deadly wounded wicked one, the Prince of Israel, whose day is come, in the time of the iniquity of the end; thus sath the Lord God; Remove the mitre and take off the crown; this shall be no more the same; exalt that which is low the lowly Jesus, $17: 22-24$ ) and abase that which is high I will overturn, overturn, overturn it; this also shall be no more, until he come whose right it is; and I will give it to him." Is not the order of events must clear trien and now? Warnings of judgnent, close at hand; a gracions withdrawal of the people of God, a reigut of an Antichrist, Prince of Isract, who binds hunself by a solemn oatl1 (II. Cliron 36:13; Ezek 17:12-20), an oatin taken about seven years before the final catastrophe, and broken just 3 T/2 years (see Josephus) after beng taken, even as is the case with the comnng Autichrist (Dan 9:27), also houmped minto death (Rev. $13: 3$, I2) and followed at once by the glorious advent of One whose right it is to reign

If, as Dant 927 and other Seriptures render probable, the carecr of this great Adversary runs for the closing seven years of this age, it would date from about A D 1927. Thus the connng years, 1923-1927, beeone of vital interest and solenm importance to us all Has enough been sand to justify the attitude of the gifted and devont prophetic student-whose words gave 1 's onlr subject - "Some of us have watched for A.D. 1923 for fifty years"? In view of sueli possibilities and such bright hopes as to the Coming Dawn, "Who dares stand idle on the harvest plan ?" And who would dare, witl greater daring still, to be mafferent as to his own readiness for his Lord's return? Brethren, the time is short; it remainetlo that we use it to the utmost, whether for the service of our Lord and Master, or for our on il Salvation, that we may be found of Hinn and in Hinn, in peace and without spot, at His appearing.
 no patade gives itself to ats, is never rude, nevel selfish, never untated, neret resentful, love is never glad when others go wtong love is gladdened by goodness, always slow to expose, always eager to believe the best, always hopetul, always patient Love never disappears
-I. Cor. x111, 4-8 (Moffatt).

Beth-Elim 1tome of Rest and Healmg, Tergh-on-Sed - Open to any on the tord's prople fot long of short periods. For term-apph to Miss Neill, "Beth. Fim," The Glen, Cliff Gaulens, Letgh-on-Se., Esex.

## Sllountain Illeditations.

A prayer 1 l its simplest defintion is merely a wish turned Godward
And thir, my soul, is the thamph of thy beng-to be able to Walk with God. Fiogit belongs to the young soul; it is the romatuce of religion To rum without wedness belorgs to the lofly soul, it is the beauty of religion. but to WaLK aud not fant belongs to the peafect soul; it is the power of ieligion.

The meterse activity of our times may lead to zeal in service, to the neglect of personal commumon; but such neglect will not only lessen the value of the service, but also temit to madremate us for the highest service.

This divine sovenergnty . . . . . means the enthonement of love, for Gorl is love. His love replees on selfishess as the duving power at the centre of our beng. This ovematening eonseionsiess of God hberates all the powers of the soul for has exclusive nse. Fiom thas muen shrme the is able, as never before, to work out in us all the good pleasure of His will. He can thank though our minds, will thitugh our wille, yearn through oun heats, and speak though our hips His power can now thob and move and work though every avenue of ou bemg, and this medns a simitual revolution of the lughest kitul.

Tiue player . . . . . is not only the voice of man eryng to God, but the vole of God im man explesshas the deepeat neede of the human heat, and eonveymg them to the thone min such a mame that the answer shall be assured.

You will find it a griat blessing to count youi blessings.
You may always expect a battle after a baptism.
The Church that would live must the. If she would have ber Olivet of emrthed commumon she must seek it ly the way of Golgotha and the Cioss. The lite of the Charch becones frulful when it becomes sachficial.

## How to lkeep in libealth.

## By If. H SENF'T.

There has been much helpful teaching on divine healing The Scriptural foundation has been laid deep and wide, and no one should fail to be healed because of a lack of light upon God's Word But my thouglit has been turned to the importance of divine health or keepming healed. It is sard that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, so if we can find some preventives for physical sickness, weakness and suffering, we shall do well to heed them.
I. Dwell in the Secret Place. Live in the gist Psalm Not an ocensional visit, but the place of perpetual habitation "He that dwelleth in the secret place of the Most High shall abicle under the shadow of the Almighty." This is the place
of protection aganıst "pestılence," "plague," "(lestruction that wastetl," "thie arrow that fletl,", "trouble," and every attack of the eneny. Not only is life protected, but prolonged "With long life will I satisfy hinn and show hin1 my salvation"
2. Recognize and clainn the power and protection of the blood The children of Israel were protected from the visitation of the destroying angel because Gocl saicl "When I see the blood I wall pass over you'" Is the mark of thic blood upons our dwelling, this temple of the Holy Gliost? These days when the devil's darts are flying thick and fast, low necessary to be protected by the Cross of Calvary and the nan-print hands of Clurist The Atonement is the chief corner-stone of chvine liealing, but let us remember that the same blood that was shed for the remission of our sins and the healing of our sicknesses, keeps us from sin and sickness The Israchites fed upon the lamb, whine they were protected by the blood. Likewise we may feed upon Clirist and be slieltered by H is blood

3 Reckon on the indluelling Spirit "For if the Spurit of Hinn that raised up) Jesus from the dead dwell in you, He that raised up Christ from the dead sliall also quieken (make alise or energize) your mortal bodies" Ronis S:ir This does not necessarily mean a sick body only, but a well body subject to disease, kept from disease by the life-giving Spirit We must keep filled with the Spirit as a protection from sickness, just as from sin The body is constantly undergong decay, but "the life also of Jesus" (I. Cor. 4: 10) comiteracts the forees of disease and decay Our own life fanls us in the pressure of toil and trial, but another life is imparted by the Spirit of the risen and glorificd Clirist

4 Practice danly connmunion and the study of God's Word The pliysical life is in dircet proportion to the spiritual "Beloved, I wisl above all things that thou mayest prosper and be 11 liealth, even as thy soul prospereth," III John, 2 This life for the body is found an the closet of prayer, upon our knees, with open lieart and open Bible, feeding upon the words of life, for "they are spirit and they are life," Jolnn 663 Jesus cance to give God's children thenr loread He said. "I ann the Bread of Life" It is His plysical life innparted to our bodies The best time for wating on God is in the carly mornn1g, when the mind is clearer and distractions less likely, We need the "111orn1ng watch" rather than the "110rning nap" " How the enemy seeks to hander the carly season of communion and the study of the Word' If you fecl sleepy and weary he says • "A little more sleep and a little nore sluniber," but licarken to the voice of Jesus "Come apart with Me to the 'solitary place' of prayer and refresh thy whole being - spinit, soul, and body "'
5. Obey the laws of health It is a "1 casomable service" into which God has called us, and He would have us observe the
laws that govern the body. Good food, air, sumblnne, exercise, are conststent witl the wall and provision of God for our bodies Be natural Don't overeat. Don't starve. 'Iet your moderation be known to all men." Don't worry Don't hurry. "Be anxious for nothing." "In quictness and confidence shall be your strength" Alas, how many answer as did Israel, 'No, for we will flee upon horses," Isa. 30.15, I6. Don't carry the whole world upon your shoulders, far less the universe. "The government slall be upon His sloulder" A morning walk is a splendicl adfunct to the morning watch.

6 Maintanı a good conscience This is essential to good health A gulty conscience will react upon the body and disturb the natural and healthful functions, producing disorder and disease A good conscience is a splendid stimulant to digestron, sleep, and vigor of mind and body Paul knew the value of a good conscience "Herein do I exercise myself, to have always a conscience vond of offence toward God and men," Acts 24 16. To have health we must have faith, and for the effective operation of fath there must be a pure conscience " Holding the mystery of faitl in a pure conscience,' I Titn $3 \quad 9$

7 Lave a sanctified tongue. "A wholesome tonguc, (margin, the healing of the tongue) is a tree of Iffe, but perverseness therein is a breach in the spirit," Prov 15.4 "The tongue is a firc, a world of iniquity; so is the tongue among our members, that it defileth the whole body, and sets on fire the course (whecl) of nature and it is set on fire of hell," James $3: 6$ An eminent pliysician has sand: "There are diseases that originate from anger and anxicty that $n o$ medicine known to man can cure." A perverse tongue makes a breach in the spirit, defiles the whole body, and sets on fire the wheel of nature, which is set on fire of hell The fire proceeds from the pit to the tongue, thence to the spirit and finally to the body, producing disease and death A word of criticism will introduce poison into the body, while "a good report maketh tlic boncs fat," Prov. is 3 8. Keep in touch with those who " believe these things," Mark 16. i7 One reason some do not keep healed is because they fail to meet with the people of God who teach and live divine liealing. They are in the nudst of unbelief in their liones or churches, which causes a clechne in their spiritual and physical life Then they lice away to some Alliance Convention or all day mecting to get fixed mp, whereas if they had come more frequently to such gatherings they might have remained well Rotherlam translates Mark 1618 as follows " Tpon sick persons will they lay hands, and well shall they remant" Meet the conditions, meet God, meet with His people and "remain well" "Not forsaking thic asscmbling of yourselves together as the manner of some is, but exhorting one another, and so much the more as ye see the day aproaching," HCb Io: 25 This certainly applies to these very days and to the people who
beheve 111 Chirist for the body.
9. Be liberal with your substance. "The liberal soul shall be made fat and he that watereth shall be watered also himself. He that withholdeth corn, the people shall curse him, but blessing shall be on the head of hin that selleth it," Prov II:25, 26. Not alone fat in soul, but also in body, for what affects the one affects the other. Some who have been healed fail to keep) in health because they pay to the Lord but a pittance of the anount expended mon doctors and medicines Not that we can buy health from God with money, but an mongrateful and sparing heart will surely canse poverty of spurt and thus minure the borly.

Shall we not put oursclves in the way of fatness of soul and blessing ripon our head, by investing our substance in precious sonls and thus bring back the King who, "thongh He was rich, yet for our sakes He became poor, that ye through His poverty might be rich $3 "$ II. Cor. $8: 9$
io. Cultivate a joyful spirit. "The joy of the Lord is your strength,' Neh. 8:10 'This follows the prerious condition of liberality, for it is when "portions are sent" that joy comes and then strength $A s$ a morbid disposition is a fecder to "divers discases," so a spirit expressing itself in "psalms and lymms and spiritual songs" will foster liealth. Let us cherish and cultivate the spirit of praise and glorify God in our bodies.

## The Epistle to the Elssembly at IRome.

## By THOMAS MYERSCOUGH. <br> BIBLE STUDY, No. 3.

Let us comerter the Apostle Pal's parsonal febahoveinfe to 'the Gobpel of God concemmg His Son." Of this he says "I am debtor," "I am rbady to preachf the Gosper,"* "I am not ashamed of the Gostei.""

The eatl of Patul inta Salvation was on the groniml latd down rut Nom. x, 9, 'I'hat of thou shalt contess with thy mouth Jesus as Lobl (hit), dud shalt beleve on thine heart that God hath rased Him fiom among the dead, thou shall be saved."

Paul's Conversion. Examine Aets 1x, 3, 4. A light fiom heaven above the brightness of the sun shome round about him, and he fell to the eath, and heard a voice sayng, "Saul, Saul, why persecutest thom ME?"" "And he sad Who at inou, Lotd?" Saul used the word "Lore" heme not reengabsig the person spaking the wonce from heswell sath, "I am Jesus, Whom thou perserutert" Thas Jesus. Who was aucifier, dead, and buned aecording to the reckommg of Saul and all the official Jews, now levelided Himself ats alive fimm the dead, and was seeng all that Saul was domg aganst Hin by peisecutng Jis people He tiembled and was astontshed,-for how long we die not told,-but he sard to Kmg Agrippa, I was not disobedient to the heavenly vision" (Acts xxvi, 19) Ilole we see that le at once beloval that God had lamed thrist from the read, and so he speaks the word 'Lomd' with a meanmg quite different from the find time he used it. If thou shaft confess with thy mouth Jesus as Lond, and shalt believe in thine heart that Gud hath rassed Hims
from the dead, thou shalt be saved For wath the heart man believeth unto righteousness, and with the mouth eomfersion is mate unto Salvation" ( $, ~ 9,10$ ). Thn was Paul's Salvation

The same phandele 1 seen 10 the case of the thef who was saved on the Cooss. "Lord temember me when Thou comest men Thy kingdon." We have no knowledge as to low much this dymg thef had mevously head of the glonous Goppel of God emommang this Som, but the woids he uttered reveal thiee things -(1) He was the only one reconded on that day as giving to our Saviour the name of "Lond" There wa the simple confesston with his mouth of "Jesus as Lond" "No mom can say that Jesus st the Lond hat by the Ifoly Ghort" (l Cor. an, 3 (2) The thief knew that he and his lellow as well do the Savion were each doomed to die, and so it came to pald But beleving with woudous fantl that Gimbt would be raised foom the deat, he phayd " Remember me when THOU comest minto TILY King dom" Jesus could not enter into His Kingdom without being raised fom the dead (Luke xill, 26). This the thief believed with his heat, and as with Abialian, "It was aceounted unto him for ughteousness" (Kom. iv, 23-25). (3) This thef confessed his bin and the justice of lans pumblment. So does every thuly saved one confens that Gol's scotence of death on the soul that sim is just, as also in thin tender merey to them that "confess with ther mouth Jesus as hom (Phinl. hi, 11, Rom. av, 9) and lelieve m then heat that God hath dared him fiom the dead " This is ieal Salvation-the Salvation of God Moneover it to the whly way wheh is lesosille fur cresy child of ddam to comply with.

The Cominssion of Paul, which male him "deltom l,oth to Greeks and to babdilans, both to the wise and the nuwise," elams our considera1 win After he had confessed Jesm a hond and beheved Goll had raised Him fiom among the deal, he sade " "Lond what walt Thou lave me to do?"
 be told thee what thou must do." And he anose bhad, dud was taken to Damascus and remamed 3 days withont sight. Then the Lond inthucted a lowly disciple named Anamas, that Paul was "a chosen vessel anto ME, to bear my Name befone Gentiles and Kings and the children of Israel" (this is very preerous in view of his berng the author of the Epistle fo the llebeews-whech Epistle is a message both to the unsaved as well in the saved of Istacl), "for 1 wall show ham how great things he must cufter for My Name's sake."

The Lportle Paul foom this time consulted not with "flesh and blood" (Gal. 1, 15-20) Wherever he went, the preacling of the Gospel concernIng the Son of Gool, bought upon hum wath, shame, contempt, nakedness, luffetting, stomng, beatng with rods, thinst, liunger (II Cor, xi, 23, 33; 1 Con , iv, $9-13$ ) The Apohtle was "ealled" to selve the Lord, knowing that "the lioly Ghont witnesseth in eveny eity, saymg that bonds and afflicthoms abde me. But none of there thags move me, nether count I my life deal unto myself, so that I might finish my course with joy, and the ministry wheh I have received of the Lord Jesus, to testify the Gospel of the Giace of God And now. behold, I know that ye all, annong whom I have gone meachmg the Kingdom of God, shall see m! face no more. Wherefore I take you to reeond thes day, that I am pue foom the blood oi dll men For I have not shumed to declare unto you all the counsel of God" (Arts vx., 23-27) 0 that this could be satd ly all the ministeing covant, of Chust, but alas, it cannot! Yet it is porsthle for each of us thun day to sav " liy Thy grace, Lomd, I desne to to be so, and pray Thee
 the consequenees, Amen" The thangs wheh chanatersed the Apostle's lahom wese deep smenenty of heat towad, Gool and mat, fidehty to the revelation of the Goopel, yet gieat tendeness in dealing with the unsaved In no sence dad he spate or evcure hanself fon test or ease, or shrink from the eonsequences of preachang Chant Hence we have han saying "I am debtor both to Giceks turl to bulninus, hoth to the wise and to the mwise," to preach the Gospel eommitted unto me
"I am roady." " ILow shall they heal withoul a preacher? and how
 between a peacher sent of God, and one sent out by his fellows, on "out" on has own commasson. The one sent of God is tuly READY-"throughly finmshed" It is commonly reported, both in tho religious and seeulak permolicals, that in some heathen countios the English-speaking missime. anes ane divided moto two companies,-one company holding to the mspindtion of the Sonptures, and the other called nodennsts," who only recognuse some Sonptures to be inspued Such we conclurle hitye been sent out by man, and have no "call" or fulmshang by God liney were not "ready" in the sense of being "funmshed,"--matle lealy by the Lond It is quite tave they wete reaty to "go," with then own message, or that of then matimetons, but they wele not "called of Gol" It as a great iesponsibility to be "allowed. . to be put m thust with the Gospel" (I Thess, ni., 4) "Though we on an angel from heaven pieach any other gospel unto you than that wheh we have pheached unto you, let lim be anathena* (wet apait for Gocl to (leal with) Paul was 'debtor' to preach an apponted gospel, given him by God, and so was fummshed and also ready to go forth whatever the consequences. "For though I preach the gospel, I have nothung to glony of; for necessity is lad upon me; yea, woe is unto me, if I preach not the gospel' (I. Col 1x., 16).
"I am not ashamed of the Gospel of Chist" These words reveal the teptland atwe of he revelation the Lond had given to the Apostle, and his personal acceptance of the things contained in the Gospel. His whole beng emhnaced it in every detail, as the only message from God to be found on earth. And although thas Gospel revonled the Righteoushesh of God, it also nevaded the Wiath of God aganst all untghteousmess of men, amd also that, all men alike wele gulty of sin. "All have simed for there is no difference."
The water calle to ramol once benig sent by his employer witlo at message of which he wath healily ashamed. It was a message so volent that he shank from dehvering at, yet at expressed his employen's determmatron, and so ought to be known by the person to whom it was sent. The message was dehvered, but the dehvere of the message was ashamed Oni Lord has stated very simply what He will do with the unsaved Yea, only He Mimself has given us the detals of the doom of the unsaved No Apostle was entiusted to make kitown the dieatful news, but oul Saviout dedach it whilst on eath, and confimed it fiom the Gloy (see Tiev. גx., 12-15; xxi, 8). We have been commandel by oun Lord to "Gu . athat preach the Gospel to every ereature He that bolleveth and 1 s baphaed shatl be saved, hat he that beheveth not shall be dammed." The gieat majonty of petchers in this day are heartily ashamed of this Gospel, and never preach the counsel of Goxl aganst the unbliever. Some, alas, parsh jutgment of thent own myention; ald teason away evely shapp and telling word, so that the cffect on the lost is only as an echo But echoos ane not the truth, they ale only a device to excnse the shame of the prexehers at what Gool has set forth as the doom of the unbeliever. "When I say unto the woked, "Thou shalt sunely die," ancl thou givest lim not wanmg, nom speakest to WARN the wicked fom his wicked way, to save has hefe; the same wieked man shall die in has mquity; but hin blood wall I rogune at thme harl Yet if I'FIOC warn the wicked, forl he tum not from his wackedness, nor foom his wicked way, ILE shall dhe n his miquty; but THOX hast deliverer THY soul" (Ezek 1n, 18, 19) It was mo the spint of thas Sciptune that the Aposite satd lie hat deciachl all the combel of God to those who heard hom, and also sam that he wats not ashamed of that which he preached "The fear of the Lord is the begmming of wisdom" (P1ov. ix, 10). Oul blessed Jord, aftel He was ratsed form the dead, gave forth the Commasorou for the Gospel to toe preached "to every creature." Mark xyt, 15,20 , is the only record of the Gospel which is to be preached "to evely creature."

When exammed catefully His iustanctions contan seven statements. (1) "Go . . . prenel the gospel to every cteature" (This must be for the
present time, ats distmgushed from Matt. x.. 5,-"(G) not into the way of the Gentale"). (2) "He that beleveth dand haptized shatl be saved; bul he that beheveth not shall be dammed." (3) And these signs shall follow then that beherc. In My Name shall they cast out demons (4) They shall speak with new tongues (5) They shall tike up serpents. (6) If they dink any deanly thng (by compubion on accident) it shall nol hurt then (7) They shath lay hands on the sick, and they slath recover" These detals were fulfilled in Apostone days, and are displayed moun day to "them that belicve." Yet how miny who preach the gospel to the lost call say of thes gieat and ouly commisum to evely cieature, "I am not ashamed of the Gospel?" Alas, many go to great pams to make themselves behese that this Schptue mi Mak xvi., 17-20, is apmous. But oun God has minese lath days poued out the latten 1.tut," ath many humble "belovers" athe sumg these things liberally fulfilleal befure then eyes. Prase God for a Pentecostal experience as in Acts 11
(To be Contmued).

## Clapham Cbristmas Convention.

## By RLDER W. LEWIS.

London-Clapham of all places too-and at Chistmas,-well it was a ventane with this exception, and a very montant ome, that God hat bessed us with such a full blessing all thongh the yent, and there hard luen sach manfest appecontion of the selvices, with sueh fine congregathous.

We would here hike to mention a little faet that is often overlooked. To bee in London at such a ture is Chinthas, when fuends and lelations have scattcied to the fou winds as at were;-and one may be meited to uncongental surioumings amd cncumstances wheth, to say the least, would seem urousistent with a Chistran walk and conversation;-or, on the other hand one may not be mivited out (not wanted pellaps.-a by no mems unhkely contugency)--chen that is inteel the time when the child of God fecls the need and power of fellowshap That wond in Acts in. 42, with its eontext, disulusis to many that they lave emme into juxtaposition with a deep scuptual thith, and with an acknowledgment of notliarg short of the whole truth it as then that one after tuother, from tume to thme, eomes moto the full Buptism the Foly Gliost with sigus following.

The Convention stanted on Sunday morming under Pastor E. C. Boulton, of Hull. and Evingelist J. E Elvili, of Sheffich They were not exactly new to Clapham, but now they were to be at full stretch. Much has been whiten of blessings whith have come to Clupham. still more has been walked about it hut we, on the spot, know that Gokl has indeed done wonderful thangs fon us wherenf we are glat. The congregation was l.uger than our fath to commence with. M. Elyon gave the opening mes. sage fiom Luke iv., 20,-." And the eyes of all were fastencil on Him " He duected all present to look to Jesus for all blessing This was a very moporant stalling pomb, and doubtless prepared the way for much of the blessing that followed I wonder if we all tealse as much as we should how mpoitant a matier it is to magnfy the Lmil of Glory. Have we ever troubled to look nuto what it is that brings success to the preaching of many of Gol's senvants? Sce how they magrify the Lord Jesus Christ. No man can call Jesus Lond but by the Holy Gliost No man can extol IInm but through the Holy Ghost None ean know how to magnify Hinn except though the inwatd working of the Comforter

On Sumday evenng lastor Boulton meached the Gospel with much power and witl full determmation of purpose from I. John 1, 7 Then the breakng of bread service took place, which enalled many who are prevented from hemg presunt. at the monning services, to sit down at the

Lord's Table. We are laving what seems almost, if not quite, the largest beaking of bend setvice in dondon. Thus speaks for itaelf the difference between at dead setvice and a hife one.

We had thace scatices on Chnistmas Day and lowng Day. On these two days there wete not so many present, but those who came were mdeed glad. for forl dicl blens us manfestly. On Chastmas evenmg Ni. Elvar spoke fom Eph v, 18, clung which he referied to many Schiptures concenntug the hving waters. He made some rather ponted remarks about those who paddle along the shone when they should be swamming in the deeps, phonthg not that those who pallle are those who ane most m evidence On Wednesday eveming Pastor Bouiton gave a vely powerful
 and disclose the heat, and cause one to see and feel at the end that God hat land bate somethong Thene secmed to be a solt of cuttong away of some foundition on which one had mevonsty been standing. At fint it is not pleasant, but soon one feels thankful chout somethong,-perhaps it is that one has got ind of some kind of leech wheh has been suckug away one's life blood, as it were. It cannot be desonbed, because things mothany hife wht mot compate with it The speake sath. "White yout mould for time, Gool fashons fon efrenity; when you complan you are lweng stripper ly Gook, He is only taking awty that wheh separates yout from Him." And the conglegation began to think a bit,-a thmg wheh congiegateme ne not oftere fond of lomg IIe told us not to see Guat though our cincunstances, but to lonk at our circumstanees through Goul's dealngg. He went into the meaning of the signfieant passage in Genesis xhin, about Abrahan beng nich, low he eame to the mount of sacuffice, and diew a sharp contrast fom Rev. in of the church wheh saud it was neh but was poor in truth.

The subjects on Wednesday and Thursday came from Exodus xxxiv., the cential ponit of wheh was the last clause of verse 2, "top of the mount." Throughout all these services God was leadmg up to a sight when pleases ingels and sants. On Thurshay night the platfom was cleated, and an huvitatom given For a little while no one responded Then a tall, grey-headed mati of about 50 summens came ont and knelt by a char After a while came another and yet another, untrl the whole platform was crowided About 20 to 25 of all knds of seekers wele met and deali with The one who led the way is now baptyed in the ILoly Ghost, speaking mother tongues All glony be to God!

Many were dealt with on the other evenung by the Evangelists themselves The aftenoon of Thursday was devoted to a Divine Healing selvice, when there was a gool number mesent. At the last service of the Convention, Pastor Boulton gave some fine lessons fiom a comparison of gomg un the mount (Ex xxxiv) and commg town foom the mount (Matt vini.) We are assured that mucli the and lastmg work has been aecomphshed through these serviecs.

## "ol will Declare what the batb done."

Almost 49 years ago the Lord in This merey convicted me of $\sin$ and gave me a desine to flee from the wrath to come As som as I trusted in Jesus Christ and Him alone for sulvation, my sins were, pranse the dour lood, washed away thinugh Inis preerous blood, and my soul was filled with His blessed peace which passeth all understanding. Durng all these vemI have always been able to rejonce in Jesus as my own petsonal Savioni Glory to His Name' Soon after I was saved 1 fell the need of consecrating my young life to the set viee of my Blessed Realcemer I wanted to be out and out for Him, not half for the wold and hali for Jesus, but all for Jesus. I began by testifying to the delightful tinth that God for Chist') salee had padoned all my sims. I distabuted thacts, risted the sack aud dying, and pointed them to Jesus. I also endeavomed to get whess to the Gospel meeting where my own soul had been blesser, and thank God, some
of my friends and relatives were soon bronght into the Kingdom in answet to praye.

About sh vears later I became afflicted with an ulcerated tongue and thoat; so panful was it that 1 could eat no solid food nor litt up my ronce in praise to Gocl. I consulted two local cloctons, and they botti prescibed, but neither of them molerstood my ca-e I was also tieated br a specialist for about six or eight weeks and became comew hat better, but not cured. In five or six years mone the diease began to develop, and I was persuaded. by my husband. who believed in divine healing, to wite to Mis Baxter, of Bethshan, requesting paryer on my belaclf ln reply lava told that prayer would be offered up, but that I hould place no confidence in then prayers, but in the finished woik of the Lert Jenus Chist upon Calvary's Cioss, Who died not only tor my sin-but alno tor my reknes-eI tollowed her advice and, Hallelinal, the pruye? of tath prevaled and i was healed Soon after this I had seveial painful ilmessec, but glony to Jenns, ITe healed me. Fon me successive veas my Blewed Sariour kept this frall body in oider withont the use of mean- of ans kind.

Soon after the death of my dear husband I got gieatly biniten dnu $n$ in health, and two of my biothers insisted on binging a doctor who aad 1 was suffeing fiom ore action of the heart I had now, for the time beng, got away from my farth in the Gieat Phrician and for a numbei of veas consulted a doctor for ereny semous illne-s But piase the Loid. it $1 s$ now mole than five years since $I$ sent to a doctor or fook medienne Dums these yeas I have been attacked by unflumza several tmes, severe colts, ihemmatism, etc but glony be to Jean-, THe ha- removed all 1 m answer to the prayer of fath.

About twelve months ago the Lond gave me a great denre to seek the Baptrism of the Holy Ghost, I went to a mumber of wating meetings and otten tanmed at my Sarion's feet on my own home, and thele, on the joth of November last, my piayer were answered, and I recerved the Baptrism with signs following O Mallelnjah, what a Saviom' Since then the name of Jesus has become sweeter than ever before, and lenfor such communton and fellowahip with Him as I conld not possibly have enioyed hitheato 0. may He keep me flaly at H is feet, and may He use me many way H . can for tis own gloyy, is my eanest prayer
-(ILrs) C CAMPBLLL (Portadown)
I do thank the dear Loid that Me is just the same to-dar as when A.e walked this eath, that 1 [is powei is still mamifested to those who believe. Piaise His Holy Name

I was suddenlv taken seriously ill at the begnaning of November, 1922 My filends became very mucli alarmed, thinking that I was gong to pass away. One evening they called in a doctor, who sald that 1 was suffering from acute gastice colic He injected moiphia into iny arm, after wheh 1 got come relief, but still had severe pain in mr bodr

Two days after waids a farthfill selvant of the Tord came to see me and as lie prayed it just seemed as if a hand passed over mr bodr (undonbtedly it was the iesurrection life of Jesuc) - immediately all pan devarted Mallelujah' What a wonderful Saviour is Jesus' 'The doctor also said there was an internal toouble.and requested that another doctor should be called in for consultation in view of an nperation, but I told him that I should not have an operation as $I$ was tiusting the Lord to heal me Now I can prase THim for He has DONE IT, for I am perfectly healer I cannot thank Him enongh for what IIe is to me-for body, soul, and spirit,-and I never will cease to praise HIM.

$$
-\left(\mathrm{M}_{1} \stackrel{)}{ }\right) \mathrm{S} \text { SCOTT (Hnll) }
$$

I was the clelicate one of a large famıly, amongst other things, 1 suffered finm acite nervous piostration, which eventually cansed my hear to become diseased

In 1913 I wa: very ill; my heart had gradnally got woise since mv youngest child's biith in 1906, and Angina Pectois had developed My
people had been informed by frur doctors that I minght die suddenly day time.

One day I was reading God's Word, when I canue across Jame, 5.1; At this tume I was not born agan; nevertheles, I beliesed the Wond m God, and held on to that verse. All through the night [ heard those words. and felt that I was gong to be well agam, knowing that "All thangs ane possible with God" Almost at once The healed my body, iaved me up. and then saved wy soul. Irase His Holy Name!

In 1921, I was very ill again with an internal tiouble Two dortorn declared there was a growth, and that an operation was necessaly 11 appeared as though the Lord was going to take me to Hımself, but I win quite resigned to all His will My fatherless childien I putinto Hi=cale. knowing that. He would poorde for them. Agan I tonk the Lord as mir healen. The Lord sand to me: "I AM Jehorah that healeth thee" Thm dinme message was repeated several tmies during one nght. I thankerl Him, for I linew it was done, and I was healed 1 ll the pan left me and I have not had it since; in fact, I never felt so strong and well as I for at the present time, being able to to all my own housework.

Those who do not know our wonder ful Sawour and This wonder ful heding power, cannot understand the big change in me ft is a real jng to tell them of the wouderful things God has wrought m mv life. I prase Him, too, that, as the enemy of our souls comea along with the symptomof this sckeness, I am able by the help of the Molv Spuit to reject them 'ro God be all the Glory'

- (Mrs) K II. Whiting (Hull)


## Pastor George Feffreys at Asbbourne.

At the time of witing, l'astor Geonge Jefficys mission at Ashboune, Deblyshue, has commencerl, and great encouragement is given to the missioner and his assistants. Mr McWhirter ancl Miss Kennedy, by the momakile featues attendmg the new effors The Mission Hall in whel the senvices are beng hell had become, prom to these senvices, practically empiy; and once agani, à regatls a Pentecostal woik, the missionct fis caller upom to lay a foundation wheh can thely be termerl "no other man's" Souls aie leng saved, bolles beng healed, and quite a compang of the Lomd's people coming together night after nght and dranking in the thuth, as it is opened up lefore them. Many are alieady asking, "What slatl we do when these servees are oven p" Little do they know that the Lond is providng, and that plans are alneady land for estabishing another of the "Elums" that are to be found in different parts of the comanty, as the result of smalar missions A full repart of the sexnees will be given, D V., win the Aphl issue of the "Eyangel"

Elim Pentecostal Alliance.

> EASTER UNITED GONVENTION (of the Grimsby and Hull Assemblies)
> will D.V. be held at HULL,
> 30th March to 3rd April inclusive.

Speakers.-Pastor George deffreys and Ellm Workers. Convener -Pastor E. C. Boulton,

The EVENING SERVICES of this Convention will be devoted to a series of Special Addresses given by Pastor leffreys on "THE OUTPOUR. ING OF THE HOLY SPIRIT."

Friends requiring further particulars or any desiring accommodation should please communicate EARLY with Mr. U. E. Elvin, "Elim," May Sireet, Hull.

## CHILDREN'S CORNER.

## Che SIDighty $\mathfrak{F a v i o u t . ~}$

Dear Boys and Girls,-
Thus afternoon I am in a Sunday School, writing this little letter to you All around me is a buzz of whisperng teachers The scholars, with bent heads, are all cagerly histening What are their teachers all talling about? JESUS

Thus morning I was in a meeting of grown-ups,-I expect yoth all were too,-and the people were all singing, and prasing, and listening Who about? JESUS At the same time all over the world there were great gatherings of all kinds of men and women singing hymns of prase, who about? JESUS. And up in heaven angels in thousands of mimhons, and spirits of fust men made perfect, and God's imnumerable hosts are all singing the prases of One-even JESUS!

How fuighty He nuist be, how full of porver, how wonderful in wisdom and knowledge. how great in strength, if all these sing His praises continually and never end' God His Father has made Him greater than all creatoon, and given all power into His liands Angels are weak compared with Him. His word is full of power.

What has He then to do with us children-fuill of faults and very small? He loves us with all the power of His being. When on earth He used to pick the little children up and put them on His knee and talk to them. His love is just as tender and strong to-day, and He wants to take each of our lives and make them strong, beautiful, happy, and useful What a change JESUS can make in a boy or girl I He wants to make us right inside and outside; so let us give ourselves np to Him1, so that He may cleanse us from all sin, and then fill us with His Holy Spirit, that we may live to His prase and do His will, as the angels do it in Heaven.

Your loring friend, Adelipios

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## Cabitber art thou bound?

() friend, thou art no seeker of Jesus, but the reverse! To thine own confusion thou art going from Him instead of to Inm! ()ll, stay a moment and consider thy ways-thy position -thine end!

As for thy ways, they are not only wrong before God, but they are uneasy to thyself Thy conscience, if it be not scared with a hot iron, is every day thundering at thee on account of thy paths of folly. Oli that thou wouldst turn from thine error, whle mercy lingers at thy side Be not betrayed into a continnance in these ways, in the vain hope that thy life will be prolonged to an indefinte period, wheren thou hopest to accomplish repentance, for life is as frail as the bubble on the breaker, and as swift as the lndian arrow To-morrow may never come; oh, use "to-day"-
"Now," $1=$ the constant syllanle trekng fiom the clock of time:
Now, is the watchwond of the wise; Now, 15 on the bannel of the pudent.
Chensh thy th-day, and mize it well, or ever it be engulfed in the past; Hushand it, for who can pomse it it shall have a to-monow ""
"To-morrow is a fatal le-the wrecker's beacon-wily suarc of the destroycr." Be wise, and see to thy ways whine time waits for thee I

Consider next thy position. A condemned crimmal, waitng for exccution; a tree, at the root of which the axe is gleaming; a target, to which the shaft of death is speeding, an insect beneath the finger of vengeance, waiting to be crushed; a wretch, hurried along by the strong torrent of time, to an inevitable precipice of doom

Thy present position is enough to pale the check of carelessness, and move the iron linees of profanity A man asleep in a burning house, or with his neck upon the block of the headsman, or lying before the mouth of a camon, is not in a more dangerous casc than thou art Oh, bethink thee, ere desolation, destruction, and dammation seal up thy destmy, and stamp thee with despair ${ }^{\prime}$

Be sure, also, that thou consider thy latter end, for it is thine whether thon consider it or no Thou art ripening for hell; oh, how walt thou endure its torments I AhI if thous wouldst afford a moment to visit, in imagination, the cells of the condemned, it might benefit thee for ever What 1 fear to examme the house in which thou art to dwell? What ' mosh to a place and fear to see a picture of it? Oh, let thy thonghts precede thec, and if they bring back a dismal story, it may induce thee to change thy mind and tread another path ' Thou wilt lose nothing by meditation, but rather gain much thereby Oth, let the miseries of lost souls warn thee, lest thou also come into this place of tomment ${ }^{1}$ May the day soon arnve when thon canst ery after the Lord, and then even thou shalt be delivcred --Sel.

